INFOGRAPHIC







SAVE LIVES

Tuberculosis is one of the top infectious killers in the world

In 2020, an estimated



TB is the leading killer of people with HIV and a major cause of deaths related to antimicrobial resistance

Range: 1.4 - 1.6 million for TB deaths and 187,000 - 242,000 for TB/HIV deaths.





WITH HIV



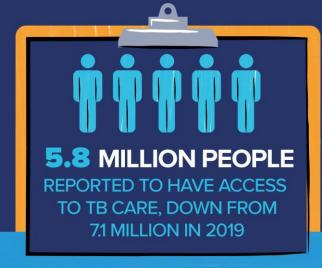
The COVID-19 pandemic has severely impacted access to TB services

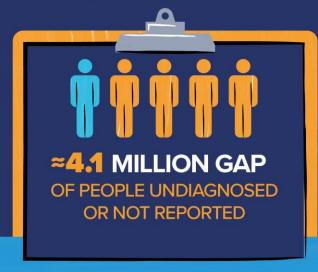
Fewer people accessed life-saving TB care in 2020

In 2020, an estimated



MILLION PEOPLE FELL ILL WITH TB*





Better reporting, diagnosis and access to care will close this gap

Range for TB incidence is 8.9 - 10.9 million.







Drug-resistant tuberculosis remains a public health crisis

In 2020 only about

OF THOSE IN NEED
RECEIVED TREATMENT
FOR DRUG-RESISTANT TB

And 150,000 PEOPLE WERE STARTED ON TREATMENT FOR DRUG-RESISTANT TB, DOWN 15% FROM 177,000 IN 2019

Of those treated, only 59% were treated successfully

Multidrug-resistant TB (MDR-TB) is TB that is resistant to the two most effective first line anti-TB drugs, rifampicin and isoniazid. Treatment for MDR-TB is not only more expensive, but also takes much longer and can cause more side-effects.

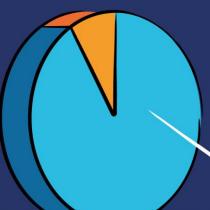






Tuberculosis is the leading killer of people with HIV

End preventable deaths by ensuring early access to TB treatment, life-saving antiretroviral therapy and TB preventive treatment



376,000 PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV WERE DIAGNOSED WITH TB

ACCESSED LIFE-SAVING ANTIRETROVIRAL THERAPY





Range: 187,000 - 242,000 for deaths and 701,000 - 879,000 for incidence.







Global progress in provision of TB preventive treatment lags behind

what is needed to reach the overall UN global target

TB PREVENTIVE TREATMENT (ALL AGES) Target: MILLION

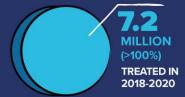
2018-2022



PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV

Target:

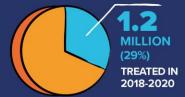
MILLION 2018-2022



CHILD HOUSEHOLD CONTACTS OF PEOPLE WITH TB AGED < 5 YEARS

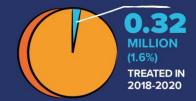
Target:

MILLION 2018-2022



HOUSEHOLD CONTACTS AGED ≥ 5 YEARS

Target:



WHO recommends preventive treatment for people living with HIV and all contacts living in households with TB (inlcuding children under 5 years).







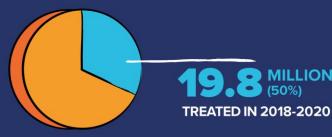
Global progress in the number of people treated lags behind

what is needed to reach the UN global targets, especially for drug-resistant TB

TB TREATMENT (ALL AGES)

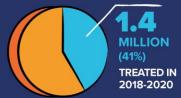
Target:

MILLION 2018-2022



TB TREATMENT (CHILDREN)

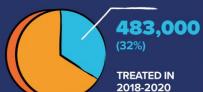
Target:



DRUG-RESISTANT TB TREATMENT (ALL AGES)

Target:

MILLION

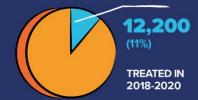


DRUG-RESISTANT TB TREATMENT IN CHILDREN

MILLION

Target:

115,000 2018-2022



INVEST TO END TB **SAVE LIVES**



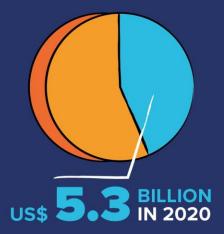


Funding gaps impede progress to end tuberculosis

UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO TB PREVENTION, DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT AND CARE

Target:

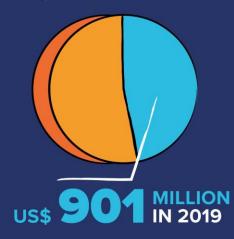
BILLION ANNUALLY BY 2022



TB RESEARCH

Target:

BILLION ANNUALLY 2018-2020









Accelerated action urgently required to reach SDGs and End TB Strategy targets

TB INCIDENCE

TB DEATHS

Target:

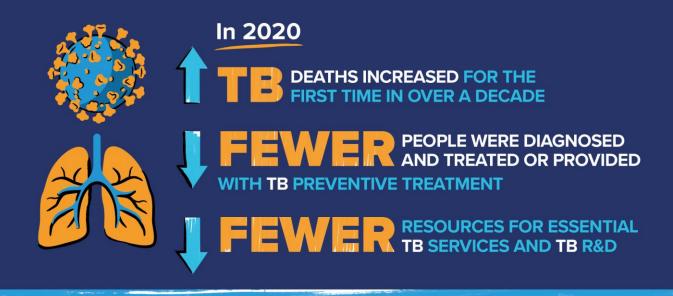
Targe







The COVID-19 pandemic has reversed years of progress made in the fight to end TB



Actions to mitigate and reverse the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to essential TB services are urgently needed





